

In the Claims:

Rewrite the claims to read as follows:

1. (Currently amended) Panels for producing swimming pools, each panel having a prefabricated flat structure comprising a flat surface of rectangular overall shape ~~and~~ delimited by a peripheral frame comprising vertical flanges ~~and~~ and horizontal flanges, wherein one of the vertical flanges has, suitably spaced apart and distributed over its height, fixing arrangements able to collaborate with complementary arrangements on an other vertical flange of an adjacent panel,

the ~~complementary~~ fixing arrangements comprise anchoring tabs formed in a thickness of the ~~other one~~ flange and able to be engaged in centering and guiding shapes belonging to the ~~one other~~ flange ~~(1b)~~,

each of the tabs has, on an outer face, anchoring roughnesses able to collaborate with complementary roughnesses after engagement in ~~the~~ said shapes, to ensure non-dismantleable self-locking,

the centering and guiding shapes constitute wells or sleeves formed as an overspill from a bearing face of the ~~one other~~ flange and a cross section of said wells or sleeves corresponds approximately to that of the tabs,

a part of the bearing face of the ~~one other~~ flange from which ~~the~~ said sleeves or wells are formed having said ~~anchoring~~ complementary roughnesses so that when the tabs have been engaged in the sleeves by a bearing force exerted in a plane parallel to the vertical flanges, a wedging effect is produced for imbricating the roughnesses, and[[,]]

a profiled shape ~~is established over~~ provided along an entire height of the vertical flanges protrudes beyond one of said vertical flanges at ~~their part for connection with~~ a level of said flat

~~face~~ surface of the structure, to ensure sealing once the tabs have been engaged in the sleeves or wells.

2. (Previously presented) Panels according to Claim 1, wherein the anchoring roughnesses comprise a number of straight and parallel very closely-packed teeth of a gullet tooth type.

3. (Previously presented) Panels according to Claim 1, wherein the anchoring tabs result from two parallel cut-outs formed at right angles from a longitudinal edge of the one flange, a length of said tabs being less than a width of said one flange.

4. (Previously presented) Panels according to Claim 1, wherein the anchoring tabs are of flat cross section, an internal cross section delimited by edges of the sleeves or wells is rectangular, and a free end of the anchoring tabs is chamfered.

5. (Previously presented) Panels according to Claim 1, wherein the profiled shape comprises a bead resulting from an additional thickness of material.

6. (Previously presented) Panels according to Claim 1, wherein a width of the anchoring tabs is less than a width of an internal section of the sleeves or wells except for a sleeve situated at an upper part of the structure considered in a vertical position, of which a width of its internal section corresponds approximately to a width of the tabs so as to allow heightwise adjustment of said panels.

7. (Previously presented) Panels according to Claim 1, wherein an entirety of the structure is obtained directly by injection-moulding of a plastic.

8. (Previously presented) Panels according to Claim 1, wherein an internal face of the structure is equipped, directly at the time of its manufacture, with studs having a head and a

centering part able to collaborate with necked apertures exhibited by an independent reinforcing element acting as wall tie and hollow shaft for pouring of concrete, said studs and apertures being distributed over the entire height of the structure.